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# HICKORY DAILY RECORD

WEATHER  
Fair tonight and  
Thursday, except thun-  
derstorms this after-  
noon or night on the  
coast.

ESTABLISHED SEPTEMBER 15, 1915

HICKORY, N. C. WEDNESDAY EVENING, AUGUST 9, 1922.

PRICE FIVE CENTS

## OVER ONE THOUSAND BIG FOUR MEN QUIT

Men, Engineers and Trainmen to Number of  
1,300 Strike at Joliet in Protest Against Troop  
Protection of Railroad Property—Required  
No Sanction.

By the Associated Press.  
Joliet, Ill., Aug. 9.—Approximately 1,300 engine firemen, engineers, trainmen and conductors of the "Big Four" railroad companies walked out here last night in protest against the placing of troops about the railroad property.

Strike of the "Big Four" brotherhoods here is exclusively a local affair, according to Chairman Charles O. Stone, president of the Joliet division. He was instructed last night to order his men to remain away from the railroad property.

It has not been learned whether the national officers have approved the strike of the Big Four men.

## HOUSE MEMBERS TO REMAIN AWAY

By the Associated Press.  
Joliet, Ill., Aug. 9.—Chief executive of the Big Four transportation brotherhoods have taken action today to keep their members away from the railroad property by placing of troops about the railroad property.

Mr. Stone, president of the Joliet division, said that there would be 100 similar cases in the country.

He said that the men have got to the limit of their patience through abusive treatment and cannot stand any more. Mr. Stone said that the men are not expected to return to work until the conditions are changed.

He said that the action of the Joliet division is with the approval of the national officers. Mr. Stone said that the action does not require any money. The men are not expected to return to work until the conditions are changed.

## GERMAN BARON WAS IN PAY OF FRENCH

By the Associated Press.  
Munich, July 19.—Evidence introduced at the recent trial of Baron Leoprechting, who was sentenced to penal servitude for life on charges of high treason, indicated that the accused had received monthly pay from the French minister in Munich, M. Dard, and that France was interested in his alleged efforts to bring about the separation of the south of Germany from the north.

The baron was charged with trying to effect the separation of Germany through French military occupation of the line formed by the river Main. The sections to be cut off included Bavaria, Wurttemberg, and Baden. The plan involved also a part of Austria and the Tyrol.

A document introduced at the trial and having been prepared by the baron was branded by the court as "a faithfully reflected image of the annihilating methods already used against Germany by Cardinal Richelieu, Cardinal Mazarin, Louis XIV, Cardinal Fleury and Napoleon I."

"The document is a monument to the burning hatred against German unity and against all that is German," the court declared in pronouncing sentence. It planned the political, economic, cultural and moral disorganization of Germany, and the destruction of the unity of the German people.

The court asserted von Leoprechting's plan aimed at making Germany entirely dependent on France, politically and economically, and that it constituted documentary proof of France's scheme for forcible establishment of French hegemony in Europe.

The court said it was convinced that M. Dard came to Munich with a mandate from the French government to pursue an intensive agitation for the separation of the south of Germany from the north and that he had arranged with the French government that following certain preparations by him, the French generals in the Rhine-land territory, with their troops, would suddenly occupy the line of the Main for the purpose of effecting the separation.

Baron von Leoprechting pleaded that he acted purely out of patriotic motives, intending no subjugation of Germany, and meant to accomplish only a temporary separation. In pronouncing sentence the court announced it would have imposed the death penalty had the law permitted.

## MAY STRIKE ALSO THREATENED

By the Associated Press.  
Joliet, Ill., Aug. 9.—Drowsy and Meluselah of the Harz, aged lightly into the limelight of the world it has reached its twentieth birthday. A gala party, attended by prominent men of the country, was given for the occasion.

Preparations for the event, going on all up in its "Sunday" with a general coat of fresh paint and new decorations. It took more something of the old and new, and when it opened, the venerable Kaiserhaus, built by III and said to be the oldest building in Germany, appeared up for the day.

A anniversary observance began with a formal program, in which public leaders in town, national and local life took part. The program was a long and interesting one, followed by the evening folk-play was given by the local talent.

## BRITISH WARSHIP IS POUNDING ON ROCKS

By the Associated Press.  
St. Johns, N. S., Aug. 9.—The British warship Raleigh which has been cruising off this coast, with Admiral Packington on board, is aground at Point Amour in the straits of Belle Isle. She struck last night and a message received today said she probably would be a total wreck. All on board reached shore safely.

## IN PROSPECT

By the Associated Press.  
Joliet, Ill., Aug. 9.—The strike of the Big Four railroad brotherhoods here is exclusively a local affair, according to Chairman Charles O. Stone, president of the Joliet division. He was instructed last night to order his men to remain away from the railroad property.

It has not been learned whether the national officers have approved the strike of the Big Four men.

## PREMIERS AGREE SOVIETS TO PUT TO SETTLE COAL REFER PLAN BACK

By the Associated Press.  
London, Aug. 9.—As a result of a three-hour conversation between Premier Poincare of France and Mr. Lloyd George, the British prime minister, today it was decided to refer back to the committee M. Poincare's plan for German finance.

Mr. Lloyd George agreed to the French suggestion in regard to the collection of 26 per cent customs from German goods at border points.

He also agreed to the suggestion of taking over the state forests and mines in German occupied territory.

## WILL NOT ACCEPT PRESIDENT'S PLANS

By the Associated Press.  
New York, Aug. 9.—Twenty-five thousand rail craft shop workers through David Williams, secretary of the eastern committee, today sent a telegram to B. M. Jewell putting themselves on record as refusing to accept President Harding's latest proposal for ending the strike. The telegram read:

"In behalf of 25,000 striking railway shopmen in the New York shop district, we endorse your stand in refusing to accept President Harding's settlement proposition. The morale of the strikers is perfect.

"Many of the strikers are ex-service men who fought under the Stars and Stripes for democracy in the late war. There men have witnessed our so-called railway executives hire cheap Chinese and Hindu labor to try and break the strike and under no circumstances will these former soldiers allow these unskilled foreigners to be considered favored employees in order to gratify the railway kaisers in their efforts to enslave American labor.

"Let us assure you again, we want no compromise and urge that the fight be fought to a finish right now on its merits and the present administration in control of our government be forced to show whether it stands for Americanism or the few hard boiled American railroad presidents who would wreck the country."

## BRITISH PREMIER EASY TO APPROACH

By the Associated Press.  
London, July 31.—Lloyd George, though prime minister, is one of the most accessible of men, say his admirers, and he will listen to anybody who speaks to him civilly. So will Lord Riddell, and both of them are kind-hearted.

Samuel Farrington proved both these statements to be true and thereby found a way out of his troubles. He now occupies a cottage near the Walton Heath golf links where he has been given employment as a caddy.

Farrington is an ex-soldier who went through the Boer war and the great war, too. Owing to his inability to find rooms anywhere, he and his wife and two children have been camping out recently on Reigate Heath.

A few days ago Lloyd George and Lord Riddell were playing a round of golf on Walton Heath. Farrington, with a "now or never" feeling, accosted the two players, and was given a sympathetic hearing.

He told them how for months he had been unable to find a home. He had been ejected from one place after another that he had found unoccupied and commandeered—cottages, sheds, barns, etc.

Only when he and his family had suffered the rigors of the open air life by day and night, and he was at his wit's end what to do, did he determine he said, to lay his case in person before the premier.

When finally Farrington mentioned his war service and spoke of his four wounds, and his experiences in the retreat from Mons, his case was won. His luck had turned.

By post next day he received the key of a small cottage built by Lord Riddell.

## TO INCREASE SHOE BILL MANY DOLLARS

By the Associated Press.  
Washington, Aug. 9.—The proposed tariff on hides would increase the nation's shoe and leather bill \$110,000,000 a year, Senator Walsh, Democrat of Massachusetts, declared today in the senate in opening the fight against the rate proposed by the finance majority and supported by the Republican agricultural tariff bloc.

Senator Walsh argued that even if the imposts were reflected in the price paid to cattle raisers, the total benefits to cattle men would amount to only \$15-100,000 a year. He declared that only a small percentage of the farmers of the country were engaged in raising cattle.

## SIX COMPANIES ARE OFF FOR JOLIET

By the Associated Press.  
Chicago, Aug. 9.—Six companies of Illinois guardsmen entrained this morning for Joliet to go on strike duty. Officers here did not know whether the men there would be relieved or reinforced because of the strike.

Brotherhood men refused to work under troop protection.

## WILSON ASSASSINS GRANTED NO STAY

By the Associated Press.  
London, Aug. 9.—A reprieve was refused by Home Secretary Short today to Joseph O'Sullivan and Reginald Dunn, sentenced to be hanged tomorrow for the assassination of Field Marshal Sir Henry Hughes Wilson.

## COTTON

By the Associated Press.			
New York, Aug. 9.—There was a further decline in the cotton market during today's trading as a result of continued southern selling, reports of a poor trade demand and further showers in Texas.			
	Open	Close	
October	20.10	20.13	
December	21.15	20.20	
January	20.03	20.09	
March	20.05	20.12	
May	20.12	20.15	
Hickory Cotton 20 cents,			

## SHOPMEN'S LEADERS BUSY WITH PLANS

Don't Like Stories That Railroad Equipment is  
in Fairly Good Condition—Pennsylvania  
Men Who Stayed on Job Want Rights Pro-  
tected—Other Strike News Today.

## OLD GUARD WINS IN OHIO CONTEST

By the Associated Press.  
Chicago, Aug. 9.—The Republican regular organization retained its stronghold in Ohio and Democrats in that state gave substantial pluralities to organization candidates, Governor McCrea of Arkansas had a majority for renomination and Judge W. P. Brandon was apparently the Democratic choice in Alabama.

Senator Atlee Pomerene was apparently renominated in the Democratic primary in Ohio, while the returns indicated the nomination of Donahoe, Democratic standard bearer in 1920, for governor. Incomplete returns from Ohio indicated that Camhi Thompson, backed by the Harding forces, had a commanding lead for governor.

## LOD LASCELLES NO BUSINESS GIANT

By the Associated Press.  
London, July 21.—The first business venture of Lord Lascelles, better known as the husband of Princess Mary, has proved a failure. The Conqueror Typewriter Manufacturing Company, in Stourton, near Leeds, of which he was the head and principal shareholder, has just been sold.

The concern was started in 1919 with a nominal capital of half a million sterling. It was intended by the promoters to produce an all British typewriter which should compete with the best of the American machines.

The erection of the factory and its equipment was undertaken at a time when prices ruled high. No expense was spared and when the works were completed they were considered the "last word" in modern mass production.

It was hoped that the new industry would provide regular employment for 400 work people. Much experimental work was undertaken in order to justify the name of "Conqueror" and insure production on a sufficiently profitable basis. But owing to the industrial slump not a single machine has been produced for sale.

## TRADE PROPOSED ON BASIS OF BARTER

By the Associated Press.  
Buenos Aires, July 7.—The barter of Argentine cattle and meat for German goods is the basis of an ad-referendum contract recently signed in Berlin between Senor Bartolome Daneri, special Argentine commissioner to Central Europe, acting on behalf of the Argentine government, and the Sauerman Joint Stock Company in Kuleback, representing a German syndicate. The terms of the contract were cabled here to the foreign office by the Argentine minister in Berlin.

The essential points of the arrangement are that the Argentine government supply the syndicate with 50,000 head of cattle and 60,000 tons of beef meat per annum. The arrangement is to hold good for two years and to be extended for a like period unless denounced three months before the expiry of the first two years.

The purchasing syndicate will not pay for the cattle and meat in cash but in merchandise which the Argentine government would select and acquire. The value of the consignments would be mutually agreed upon on a gold "peso" basis.

A mixed Argentine German tribunal is provided for disputes.

## ERECT LARGE MILL AT GRANITE FALLS

Plans for a new mill at Granite Falls, to be the fourth erected there by the A. A. Shuford Mill Company, are being perfected and will be ready to announce in a few days. Preliminary sketches call for a mill 350 by 175 feet, with 61,250 square feet of floor space.

Details of this new development, which will mean much to Granite Falls, Caldwell county and Hickory will be available for publication soon.

## CAVALRY IS BACK FROM ANNISTON

The North Carolina cavalry, including headquarters and the local troop, returned home today from Camp McClellan, Ala., where they spent 15 days in camp. The weather was extremely hot, the boys saying it was 103 in the shade when they went out on the rifle range. Those inclined to be portly came back with a few pounds less weight than they had when they left.

There were no special incidents during their stay in the Alabama camp and rumors of fighting were exaggerated here. The troopers engaged in one or two scraps, but nothing serious, it was learned, and nobody was laid up for repairs. It was not to be expected that every man would remain quiet during a long railroad trip.

The men at headquarters and the armory are turning in their equipment this afternoon and tomorrow will resume their usual occupations.

## PRODUCTIVE INDUSTRY FACTORY IN RELIEF

Alexandropol, Armenia, July 15.—The largest textile and sewing industry of the Near East has been organized here by Mrs. Byrdene Anderson, of Jacksonville, Florida. Today she superintends 4,000 children who study half the day in the Near East Orphanage and work the rest of the time in the industrial rooms. They comb, wash, spin, card and weave raw wool into cloth which is used for clothing the 20,000 orphan children supported by the Near East Relief.